# TECHNICAL DATA SHEET PC 385LD



### MATERIAL DESCRIPTION

PC 385LD coating is a radiation-curable acrylate useful for polymer cladding, especially has strong adhesion to glass for unique long term reliability. PC 385LD coating has suitable glass transition temperature, rapid cure property, non-yellowing, thermal resistance, high oxidative and hydrolytic (moisture) stability, which are required by optical fiber industry applications.

### MATERIAL PROPERTIES

### LIQUID

Viscosity at 25°C	5,000 cPs ± 900
Density at 24°C	1.50 ~ 1.55 g⋅cm <sup>-3</sup>
Refractive Index at 25°C	1.378 ± 0.005(589nm)

### CURED

Refractive Index at 852nm	1.385 ± 0.005		
Secant Modulus at 2.5%	12.0 ~ 13.0 kgf/mm <sup>2</sup>		
Strain	12.0 13.0 kgr/mm		
Tensile Strength at Break	0.9 ~1.3 kgf/mm <sup>2</sup>		
Elongation at Break	40 ~ 70 %		
Glass Transition	75 ℃ at		
Temperature	Tan_delta Max		
Coefficient of Expansion	On testing		
Shrinkage on Cure < 4.9 %			

### **CURING CONDITION**

Minimum UV dose of PC 385LD for complete cure is 1,000 mJ/cm<sup>2</sup> under a nitrogen environment. However, the minimum dosage is dependent upon the thickness of the PC layer.

### **STORAGE CONDITION**

PC 385LD polymer cladding coating can polymerize under improper storage conditions. Store materials away from direct sunlight and presence of oxidizing agents and free radicals. Storage temperature range is between  $15^{\circ}$  to  $27^{\circ}$ .

### PRECAUTION

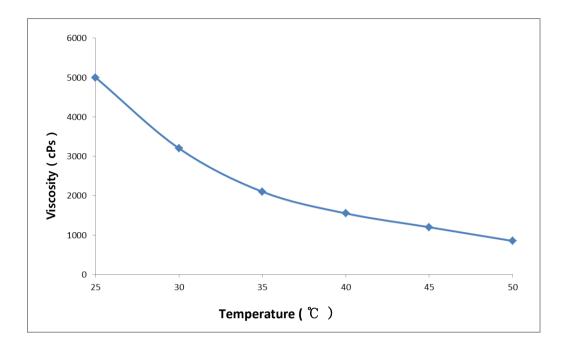
PC 385LD polymer cladding coating materials can cause skin and eye irritation after contact. Therefore, avoid direct contact with these materials. If contact occurs, immediately rinse affected areas copiously with water.

\* The information contained herein is believed to be reliable but is not to be taken as a representation, warranty or Guarantee. Customers are urged to perform their own process and QC tests.

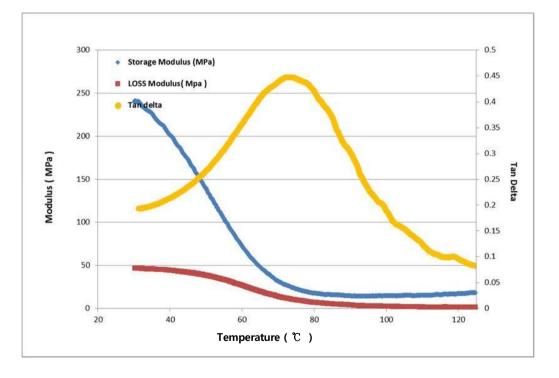
Date of Issue: 1st Jan. 2015/The Term of Validity: 1st Jan. 2015 ~ 31st Dec. 2015

# PC 385LD

# **Viscosity Reference**



# DMTA Analysis Data



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# **PC 385LD**

# **APPENDIX**

# TEST EQUIPMENT

	Test Equipment	
Viscosity ( cPs )	Brookfield DV II+ or DV III+	
Refractive Index (uncured)	Abbe Refractometer	
Density ( g/cm³)	Pycnometer	
Refractive Index (cured)	Prism Coupler / Abbe Refractometer	
Shrinkage On Cure	Pycnometer	
Secant Modulus ( kgf/mm²)	Instron 4443 UTM	
Elongation (%)	Instron 4443 UTM	
Tensile Strength ( kgf/mm²)	Instron 4443 UTM	

### **TEST METHOD**

Viscosity ( cPs )	ASTM D-1084 Method B	V = fs
V=Viscosity of sample in centipoises f=Scale factor furnished with instrument s = Scale reading of viscometer		
Refractive Index (uncured)	ASTM D 542-50	
Density (g/cm <sup>3</sup> )	ASTM 1475	D = ( W - w )/V
V =Volume of container(mL) W = Weight of the filled container w = Weight of the emptycontainer D = Density (g/mL)		
Shrinkage On Cure	ASTM D-792	X = (a x d ) / (b + a - m) % Shrinkage =( X-d )/d
a=Sample Weight d=Specific Gravity of Uncured Sample b=Weight of Pycnometer and water m= Weight of Water and Sample in Pycnometer e=Weight of Pycnometer		
Secant Modulus ( kgf/mm²)	ASTM D-638	
Elongation (%)	ASTM D-638	(L - L <sub>0</sub> ) / L <sub>0</sub> X 100
L₀ = Length of initial L=Length at breakpoint		
Tensile Strength ( kgf/mm <sup>2</sup> )	ASTM D-638	P/(TXW)
T = Film Thickness, P=Tensile pull to rupture W= Width of Film		

# Contact US

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